

UN ERITREA COOPERATION FRAMEWORK (2022-26) RESULTS FRAMEWORK

Vision of Eritrea: CF PRIORITY AREA: HUMAN DEVELOPMENT AND WELLBEING National Priority Areas: (Based on sector plans) 1. Ensuring decent work for all 2. Essential quality health, nutrition, Education, WASH services efficiently and equitably available to all Eritreans 3. Aspiration to produce all rounded citizens along with a firm commitment to country, people, and social justice CF Result Performance Indicator		Regional Frameworks: AU Agenda 2063 IGAD Strategic Plan CAADP, Malabo Declaration on Accelerated Agricultural Growth & Transformation for Shared Prosperity & Improved	Alignment with SDGs and Target SDG 3.8.1, SDG 16.6.2, SDG 10.3.1, SDG 17.9.1, SDG 1.1.1 , 1.1.2, SDG 8.5.2, SDG 2.4.1, SDG 2.3.2, 16.3	year-by-year to implement There is a peaceful and sta The identified priorities ren the programme cycle Partnership continues to in upended Risks/Influences Conflict in the Horn of Afrii disrupts the implementatio Limited accountability on r	results due to inadequate timely, o	a of the State of Eritrea throughout ooperation framework is not tries spills over to Eritrea and
		Livelihoods Baseline (Year)	Target (2026)	inform programming, monitoring, evaluation, and reporting Unprecedented delays caused by the persistence of COVID-19 or an outbreak of a new pandemic, epidemic, or other disasters Poor programme coordination and weak institutional and governance structures for programme management that impacts programme implementation Existing skills gap, absorptive capacity and limited uptake negatively impact the delivery of programmes Data source and Means of Assumptions and Responsible UN Entiti		
		14 59((2010)	500/	Verification	Influences or risks	
Outcome 1: By 2026, more people have benefitted from equitable access to and use of inclusive and quality essential social services.	 UHC Service coverage Indices: Proportion of the population living within 10 km of a health facility ANC attendance of at least 4 visits 	44.5% (2019) 80% (2020) 40% (2020	50% 90% 60%	Eritrea Demographic Health Survey (EDHS), UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, UN Statistics Division, Global SDG Indicator Database, WDI, HMIS,	All disadvantaged groups including people with disability, PLHIVs, refugees and use essential health	UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO, UNAIDS, UNHCR, UNWOMEN
	 Skilled attendance at birth Percentage of children under-5 with Acute Respiratory Infection treated by an appropriate provider 	57.8% (2020 45% (2010)	80% 75%	MOH Reports, EPHS, EPI Coverage Survey and EPI Routine Data	services	
	 v. Percentage of children fully immunized (Penta-3) 	98% (2020)	99%			
	vi. Percent of population: (i) aware of their HIV status (ii) on ART care and support and(iii) are virally suppressed	86%-73%-85%	95%-95%-95%			
	vii. Contraceptive Prevalence Rate	13.5% (2010)	18%			



	iii. TB treatment success rate for new TB cases	92% (2020)	95%			
	1.2 Change in Human Development	Low Human Development	Medium Human Development	UNDP Human Development Reports, National Statistics Office database, UN Statistics Division, UNESCO	The change in human development is inclusive and does not leave any one behind	UNDP, UNESCO, UNWOMEN, IOM, UNICEF
	1.3 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <- 2. Standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age	56% rural; 38% urban (2019)	51% rural; 33% urban	Ministry of Health Annual Report (EDHS), EPHS, WHO Annual Report, UNICEF Annual Report	All affected children in the	UNICEF, WHO, UNHCR, FAO
	1.4 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight)	GAM - 15.3% (2019) SAM - 4.2% (2019)	GAM – 10% SAM – 2%	EPHS, Sector Review Reports, Global SDG Indicator Database, UNESCO Information System (UIS)	targeted area are identified and provided with the necessary service	UNICEF, WHO, UNHCR, WFP, FAO
	1.5 Proportion of population with access to climate resilient WASH services	85% (2015)	90%	Eritrean Demographic and Healthy Survey (EDHS), Sector Review Report National WASH Inventory	The focus of WASH service will be sustainable and climate resilient	UNICEF, WHO, IFAD, FAO, UNDP
	1.6 Adjusted Net Enrolment Rate (A-NER) at pre-primary, primary and secondary level of education	Pre-Primary: 17.4% Primary: 84.1% Middle: 65% Secondary: 46.7% EMIS 2018/2019	Pre-Primary: 50% Primary: 89.5% Middle: 77% Secondary: 58%	Education Management Information System (EMIS), Demographic and Household Survey (DHS), National Statistics Office database	All parents/guardian with children of school-going age, ensure those children are enrolled and regularly attending schools	UNICEF, UNESCO, UNHCR, UNWOMEN
	1.7 Survival rate to grade 5 (Boys; Girls)	B: 77.8% Girls: 81.5% Boys: 77.4% (EMIS 2018/19)	T: 96.4% G: 96.4% B: 96.4%	Education Management Information System, Demographic and Household Survey (DHS), National Statistics Office database, Global SDG Indicator Database, UN Statistics Division, UIS	Children who are enrolled in primary schools stay at least until 5 th grade	UNICEF, UNESCO, UNWOMEN
	1.8 Degree of national preparedness, and response to COVID-19 or similar health emergencies (None, Low, Medium, High)	TBD	High (by 2026)	National COVID-19 Reports and Bulletin, Shabait, UN Situation Reports on COVID-19	COVID-19 needs, measures and actions persist beyond 2021	UNICEF, WHO, UNICEF, UNDP, FAO, UNEP, IOM, IFAD
Output 1.1 Policy instruments and strategies developed and adopted to guide institutional capacity building, service delivery and emergency preparedness and response	 1.1.1 Number of policy instruments and strategies developed and adopted on service delivery and emergency preparedness and response 1.1.2 Percentage of targeted population using at least basic sanitation 	3 Sanitation: 60% (2020) Hygiene: 60% (2020)	9 100% 100%	Ministry of Health Report, National WASH inventory, Sector Review Report, Administrative Data/Records, Field Monitoring Reports, ODF Real-time Monitoring	There is the enabling environment to develop and use statistic policies and instruments	UNICEF, UNESCO, UNAIDS, WHO, UNWOMEN, UN- Habitat
Output 1.2 Delivery of equitable age-appropriate and gender-responsive essential social services strengthened	1.2.1 Proportion of population (disaggregated by sex and Zoba) receiving age-appropriate and gender-responsive social services	TBD ¹	TBD	Sector Review report, EPHS, EMIS, HMIS	The delivery of social services will take an approach that is age appropriate and gender- sensitive	UNICEF, WHO, UNAIDS, UNWOMEN, UNFPA, UN- Habitat
Output 1.3 National and community-based systems for	1.3.1 Number of improved communities- based systems for delivering services	0	2	Ministry of Health, Community-Based Health Services report/roadmap	Community based systems developed and are fully utilised	UNAIDS, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, WHO, UNWOMEN

¹ TBD means those baselines and targets that are 'To Be Determined'



delivering social services improved						
CF Result	Performance Indicator(s)	Baseline (Year 2019/2020)	Target (End of CF)	Data source and Means of Verification	Assumptions and Influences	Responsible UN Entities
	2.1 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services	TBD	≥ 50%	Survey Report, Sector Review Reports, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, Mo Ibrahim Report	Annual perception surveys on public service delivery will be conducted to ascertain the proportion	UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA, IOM, UNESCO, UNAIDS, WHO, UNHCR, UN-Habitat
Outcome 2. By 2026, Eritrea's public sector institutions are more	2.2 Percentage of governance institutions perceived as of high integrity and performance	TBD	52%	Auditor Generals' Report, UN Eritrea Annual Results Report, Mo Ibrahim Report	Annual integrity and performance assessment of governance institutions will be conducted	UNDP, UNEP, UNFPA, UNIDO, OHCHR, IFAD
accountable and efficient, and more people enjoy the right to development	2.3 Proportion of the population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months based on a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	TBD	≥25%	Annual Report of the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare, Sector Review Report, UN Annual Review Report, NUEW, MOJ, Office of the Attorney General, Eritrea Police Survey Report, IIAG Index	Prohibitions under international human rights laws will be implemented and the established mechanism to report on them will ensure protection of victims or the reporter.	UNDP, UNFPA, UNWOMEN
	2.4 Change in Gender Inequality Index	TBD	> 50 points gain in index	UN Statistics Division, UNDESA Database, World Bank WDI, UNDP Human Development Report; UN Women and UNFPA Global Report on Women and Gender, EMIS-gender parity in education	An improvement in the gender inequality index shows improvement in all forms of distinction, exclusion or restriction made based on sex	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC
	2.5 Dollar value of all resources spent to strengthen statistical capacity of institutions over the last 12 months	\$130,775 (2020)	≥ US\$ 500, 000 per annum	World Bank WDI, UNDESA Database, Ministry of Finance and National Development Reports, National Statistics Office Reports, UN Entities Report on data ecosystem strengthening	Higher financial investment in statistical capacity of institutions will translate into improved data infrastructure and management capacity at the national and sub-national levels	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, ILO, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA, UN-Habitat
	2.6 The extent to which legal frameworks and instruments are enforced to prevent and respond to sexual and gender- based violence at all levels (under-age marriage, female genital mutilation etc.)	Very Low (6/100) (2020)	Medium (>25/100)	Justice Sector Reports, National Service Delivery Survey, Community mapping survey reports on declarations of abandonment	There will be systems and structures to support the enforcement of legal frameworks and instruments	IFAD, ILO, OHCHR, UNDP, UNDP, UNFCC, UNFPA, UNAIDS, UNICEF, UNWOMEN
2.1. Capacities of institutions to provide oversight and deliver services improved	2.1.1 Number of national institutions with improved oversight and service delivery capacity per annum	TBD	≥ 10 per annum	Periodic Audit Report, Public Service Institutions Annual Reports	Oversight instruments and reports are not only produced but made accessible	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA, UN- Habitat
	2.1.2 Number of national oversight instruments/documents produced annually	TBD	≥ 5 per annum	Periodic Audit Report Local Public Websites (Shabait)	There is the financial resources and conducive environment to conduct a public confidence survey	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA



	2.1.3 Number of functional district health management teams established	23 (2019)	58	Sector Review Report, MoH Annual Report, EMIS	Capacity building provided to oversight and service delivery institutions are relevant and applicable	UNFPA, UNICEF, WHO, UNAIDS
	2.1.4 Proportion of personnel in oversight and service delivery institution who reported their capacity have improved in the last 12 months (disaggregated by sex, sector)	Proportion of total – TBD M: TBD F: TBD Justice: TBD Health: TBD Education: TBD Agriculture: TBD Labour & Social Welfare: TBD Energy: TBD	Proportion of total – TBD M: TBD F: TBD Justice: TBD Health: TBD Education: TBD Agriculture: TBD Labour & Social Welfare: TBD Energy: TBD	Sector Review Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, Agency Field Monitoring Report	Recipient personnel are applying their acquired skills and knowledge in their respective workplaces and staff turnover is minimal	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA
2.2 National statistical and data-producing institutions have increased capacity to collect, collate, analyse, use, and manage data	 2.2.1 Number of data and statistical systems (storage, collection, analysis and dissemination) established at national and sub-national levels 2.2.2 Number of staff with improved capacity on data collection, analysis and interpretation over the last 12 months 	TBD	TBD 100 per annum	Ministry of Finance and National Development, National Statistic Office, Annual Report by Ministries and UN entities	Data capacity and its effective use enable evidence-based planning, monitoring, and reporting on national and global priorities such as the SDGs and improves accountability and decision making	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA, UN- Habitat
	2.2.3 Proportion of national, SDG and other relevant indicators with up-to-date data 2.2.4 Frequency of national data production per annum	TBD None/year	TBD At least once a year			
2.3 Justice and legislative institutions have technical and financial capacity to deliver inclusive, gender- responsive, accountable, and equitable services including international commitments	 2.3.1 Number of justice and legislative institutions with increased capacity to uphold rights 2.3.2 Fraction of accepted Universal Periodic Review recommendations implemented 	TBD (x/y) = 0.859	TBD (x/y) = 0.95	UPR Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, Evaluation Report, MOJ, UNFPA, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights	Strengthening capacity of duty bearers will provide the basic wherewithal for institutions to deliver effective oversight and service	UNDP, ILO, UNWOMEN, UNFCCC, UNHCR, UNICEF, UN- Habitat
2.4. Communities have increased capacity to counter	2.3.1 No. of reported incidents of SGBV reported to the national legal system	TBD	TBD	National Police Crime Report, CRC Networks	The reports are produced and made available when needed	UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNWOMEN
harmful traditional practices	2.3.2 FGM/C prevalence rate (number girls under 5 years and under 15 years affected as a percent of total girls within the same age bracket)	Under 15: 33% Under 5: 12%	Under 15: 10% Under 5: 5%	Sector Review Report, Community Mapping Survey Reports on community declarations of abandonment	Girls within the age bracket should not be subjected to FGM/C	UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNWOMEN
2.5. Advocacy on conventions including the 1951 refugee convention and the 1967 protocol conducted.	2.5. 1. Number of advocacy events conducted	0	10	Sector Review Report, UNHCR Annual Report	Partnership and collaboration with Government on matters related to refugees return to normal	OHCHR, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR



Vision of Eritrea:		Alignment with	Alignment with SDGs and	Assumptions		
ECONOMY National Priority Areas: (B 1. Improve crop, liv productivity incluand value addition 2. Secure sufficient and supply of aff 3. Protection and re	vestock and fishery production and uding market access, Agro-processing,	Regional Frameworks: AU Agenda 2063 IGAD Strategic	Target SDG 1.1.1, 1.2.1, 1.3.1, SDG 2.1.2, 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 2.4.1, 13.3.1, 3.c.1, SDG 15.1 and 15.2, SDG 7.3, (0- 100), SDG 6.5.1, 5.2, 8.3, 7.2,7.b, 8.5, 14.4.1, 14.5, 14.6.1, 14.7.1, 15.7, 15.a, SDG 9	 UN Agencies will have the minimum financial, technical and human resources requirements year-lyear to implement the cooperation framework There is adequate capacity at national and Zoba level to implement programmes and projects Economic and financial regulations and policies will be relaxed to allow the flow of investments interplay the blue and green economies and into industry technology and innovation 		rogrammes and projects w the flow of investments into ovation service delivery and production ate of Eritrea throughout the on framework is not upended ls over to Eritrea and disrupts nical resources flow away from e structures for programme
CF Result	Performance Indicator(s), disaggregated	Baseline (Year 2019/2020)	Target (End of CF)	Date source and Means of Verification	Assumptions and Influences/Risks	Responsible UN Entities
Outcome 3 By 2026, people in Eritrea, especially the disadvantaged population, have increased livelihood as economic	3.1 Proportion of population below the national and international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)	National – TBD International – TBD Male – TTBD Female – TBD Urban – TBD Rural – TBD Employed - TBD Unemployed - TBD	National – TBD International – TBD (2010) Male – TBD Female – TBD Urban – TBD Rural – TBD Employed - TBD Unemployed - TBD	Demographic and Household Survey; National Labour Force Survey, National Statistics Office database, Global SDG Indicator Database, UN Statistics Division, UNDESA Database, World Development Indicators, UN- Habitat Global Urban Observatory	An economic growth that is inclusive and diversified will prioritise the needs of the poor and most vulnerable population	FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, ITU, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA, UN- Habitat
growth becomes more inclusive and diversified	3.2 Unemployment rate by sex, age and persons with disability (PWD), rural/urban	3.5% (2015) - M: 3.4%; F: 3.7%) - PWD: TBD - Rural: TBD - Urban: TBD	TBD - M: TBD; F: TBD - PWD: TBD - Rural: TBD - Urban: TBD	Labour Force Survey, National Statistics Office database, World Bank WDI, UNDESA Database, Global SDG Indicators Database, UN Statistics Division, UN-Habitat Global Urban Observatory	As economic growth becomes more diversified, various skills will be required and more people will have decent jobs, job opportunities and unemployment rate will drop	FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNIDO, UNODC, WHO, UNFCCC, UNDESA, UN- Habitat
	3.3 Proportion of productive areas under sustainable agriculture and marine resources	TBD	TBD	Sector Review Report, Sector Field Monitoring reports, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report	Sustainable agriculture and marine resource management guarantee current and long- run yield and livelihood in those areas	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO
	3.4 Average income of small-scale enterprises, by sex and geographic area	Average in \$/ERN – TBD M: TBD F: TBD Rural – TBD Urban - TBD	Average in \$/ERN – TBD M: TBD F: TBD Rural – TBD Urban - TBD	Household Survey, National Statistics office database	Supporting small-scale business & enterprise development initiatives will increase the income of the beneficiaries and bridge the income gap	FAO, IFAD, IOM, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO



	3.5 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, new-borns, work-injury victims/survivors and the poor and the vulnerable	Total – TBD M: TBD F: TBD Children: TBD Youth: TBD PWDs: TBD Older persons: TBD Pregnant women: TBD New-borns: TBD Work-injury victims: TBD	Total – TBD M: TBD F: TBD Children: TBD Youth: TBD PWDs: TBD Older persons: TBD Pregnant women: TBD New-borns: TBD Work-injury victims: TBD	Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, - Infographics and Data bulletin, Ministry of Agriculture – project level M&E reports Ministry of Marine Resources – project level reports	Social protection either through cash transfers, input distribution or other forms are human right-based approaches that would allow people meet their most immediate needs without engaging in negative coping strategies	FAO, IFAD, ILO, UNDP, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNWOMEN, WHO,
	3.6 National response rate to the socio- economic impact of COVID-19 (Low – High)	TBD	High by 2026	National COVID-19 Report, UN Entities COVID-19 reports	There will be a set of national actions on the socio-economic impacts of COVID-19	FAO, IFAD, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, WHO
3.1 Capacity of public sector is strengthened to develop strategies and policies for enterprise, job creation and employment.	 3.1.1 Number of policy and legal frameworks developed and implemented 3.1.2 Number of enterprises and job created as a result of policies and legal frameworks developed 	TBD TBD	TBD ≥ 5000	Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, - Infographics and Data bulletin, Field Monitoring Reports, Administrative Records, Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Marine Resources	Providing the right capacity for developing strategies and policies will generate the establishment of enterprises, creation of job opportunities and employment	FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNIDO,
3.2 Skills and capacity of people, especially women and youth, are improved for increased access to diversified livelihoods and employability	 3.2.1 Number of new decent jobs (formal and informal) created for women and youth disaggregated by sex and age 3.2.2 Number of people (women and youth) that have capacity to engage on diversified livelihood opportunities 3.2.3. Number of households including refugee households provided with small grants for livelihood. 	TBD TBD TBD	≥ 2500 per annum (M:50%; F:50%) TBD TBD	Ministry of Finance and National Development Reports, Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, Field Monitoring Reports, Administrative Records, Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Marine Resources, National Confederation of Eritrea Workers, National Union of Eritrea Youth and National Union of Eritrea Women reports.	Women and youth are among the most vulnerable in Eritrea both in the labour market and in pandemic and economic crisis. Targeting them with these interventions will reduce inequality and improve their vulnerability.	FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UN- Habitat
3.3 Access to finance, productive assets, technology, infrastructure, and equipment is increased, in support of sustainable livelihood	 3.3.1 Percent of targeted population and MSMEs that received finance, disaggregated by sex 3.3.2 Percent of targeted population provided with productive assets 3.3.3. Proportion of targeted population including MSMEs with better technology and infrastructure for sustainable livelihood 3.3.4 Percent of targeted population with agricultural equipment for sustainable livelihood 2.3.5 Autorage value of accet of targeted 	Total: TBD M: TBD F: TBD TBD 0% TDB	Total: TBD M: TBD F: TBD 75% 50% 80% ≥ 50% increase the asset value	Household surveys, Ministry of Finance and National Development Reports, Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, Field Monitoring Reports, Administrative Records, Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Marine Resources	Access to finance, productive assets, technology, infrastructure and equipment ensures the targeted population is gainfully engaged and will help more people escape the poverty trap, increase their assets and improves household wealth and welfare	FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, ITU UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNIDO
	3.3.5 Average value of asset of targeted households					



3.4 National social security and protection systems are strengthened and expanded to reach the most vulnerable families and population groups.	 3.4.1 Beneficiaries of cash income support (% of vulnerable/poor population disaggregated by sex) 3.4.2 Geographic coverage of social protection (% of beneficiary by Zoba) 	TBD National: TBD Zoba/Regional Level: Anseba: TBD Debub: TBD Gash Barka: TBD Maekel: TBD SKB (NRS): TBD DKB (SRS): TBD	 ≥ 80% of the targeted beneficiaries National: TBD Zoba/Regional Level: Anseba: TBD Debub: TBD Gash Barka: TBD Maekel: TBD SKB (NRS): TBD DKB (SRS): TBD 	Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare Report, UN Eritrea Annual Review Report, Field Monitoring Reports, Administrative Data/Records,	The social protection initiative will target the most vulnerable and those at risk of being left behind and the support provided will help people cope with hardship and shocks by allowing them to meet their most basic needs without engaging in negative coping strategies	FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, OHCHR, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UN-Habitat
CF Result	Performance Indicator(s), disaggregated	Baseline (Year 2019/2020)	Target (End of CF)	Date source and Means of Verification	Assumptions and Influential factors/risks	Responsible UN Entities
Outcome 4 By 2026, people in Eritrea have benefited from climate	4.1 Percentage of population negatively impacted by natural and man-made disasters and shocks	TBD	TBD	National Environment Report, UN Entities Environment Report, Sector Review Report, UN-Habitat Global Urban Observatory	Natural and man-made disasters and shocks are tracked and reported regularly	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, UNDP, ITU, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO, UNFCCC, WHO UN-Habitat
resilient, sustainable environment and natural resources management	4.2 Proportion of terrestrial, marine and inland conserved for biodiversity and ecosystem services, by Forest Cover)	Forest Cover: 1% – Conserved area: TBD Terrestrial: TBD Marine: TBD	Forest Cover: 1.25% Conserved area: TBD Terrestrial: TBD Marine: TBD	National Environment Report, UN Entities Environment Report, Sector Review Report	The data will be collected and provided by the responsible UN entities and partners	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO, UNFCCC
	4.3 Climate Change Vulnerability Index (from extreme to least)	125/200 (2018) ²	75/200	Red List Index published by the International Union of Conservation and Nature; Germanwatch Publications link here		
	4.4 Share of total renewable and non- renewable energy consumption	Percent with access – 48.42% (2020) ³ -Rural 8%; Urban-98%) -Renewable – 0.5% (2015) -Non-renewable – 99.5% (2015)	Percent with access – > 60% (Rural TBD; Urban-TBD) Renewable – 25% Non-renewable – 75%	Report by Ministry of Mines and Energy, International energy Agency Energy Report, World Bank WDI	There will be more investment on energy especially renewable energy and more people will benefit from reliable and efficient, clean energy services.	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO, UNFCCC, WHO
	4.5 Percent of population making a living from the sea/marine resource	TBD	TBD	Ministry of Marine Resources Report, Sector Review Report, UN Entities Annual Review Report	The blue economy will remain a priority and will be efficiently exploited for livelihood and food production	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO, UNFCCC
	4.6 Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (Low to High)	Degree – Low (2019)	Degree - Medium by 2026	Sector Review Report, Water System Survey/Analysis Report, Water System Evaluation Report, UN-Water SDG 6 Data Portal (https://www.sdg6data.org/)	An integrated water resource management will enhance efficiency and sustainability of water supply systems	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNFCCC, WHO, UN-Habitat
Output 4.1 Capacity of institutions and communities are strengthened to sustainably manage and use environmental and natural resources	4.1.1: Coverage of protected marine areas 4.1.2: Area under sustainable forest management	2021: 0 ha. 574,000 ha Total: 152,280.	880,000 ha 674,000 ha Total 325,000	Ministry of Marine Resources Report, Annual Environment Report, Sector Review Report, UN Entities Publications and data portals on Climate Change and Environmental	Long-term viability of land is dependent on its sustainable use, management, and conservation	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNIDO, UNFCCC, UNICEF, UN- Habitat

² The higher the score the higher the level of vulnerability ³ https://dashboards.sdgindex.org/profiles/ERI



	4.1.3: Total number of additional men, women and youth of all ages benefitting from strengthened livelihoods through solutions for management of natural resources, ecosystems	M: TBD F: TBD	M: 50% F: 50%	Sustainability (including UNEP's https://wesr.unep.org/) Curated satellite imagery, including those captured by the Global Forest Watch (https://www.globalforestwatch.org/)		
	4.1.4: Number of cities implementing environmentally sustainable waste management	TBD	10			
Output 4.2 Access to modern, renewable, and affordable clean energy sources and services increased	4.2.1 % household with access to modern clean energy (renewable) and/or technology4.2.1 % population with access to electricity/non-renewable energy	0.5% 48.42% (2016 ⁴):	> 25% >50%	Ministry of Energy Progress Report, National Publications and Articles on Energy, UN entities' reports and country profiles, with a feature on Eritrea's energy outlook	Energy sources will be diversified with more focus on clean and renewable energy	FAO, IAEA, IFAD, IOM, UNDP, UNEP, UNIDO, UNFCCC
Output 4.3 Capacities of communities and national institutions are enhanced to mitigate, adapt and mainstream climate change	4.3.1: # of key public institutions with integrated climate adaptation and climate-related disaster risk reduction strategies and action plans	0	4	Sector Review Report, Annual Environment Report, UN Entities Publications on Climate Change and Environmental Sustainability, UN- Habitat Global Urban Observatory	Without the right capacity at the community and national level to mitigate, adapt and mainstream climate and disaster risks, there will be	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNFCCC, IOM, UN-Habitat
and disaster risks	4.3.2: Number of Zobas (Zoba admin division) implementing local mitigation, actions, adaptation, and disaster risk reduction plans	0	6		significant economic loss	
	4.3.3: # of communities with operational development plans that explicitly address climate-related hazards and disaster risks	20	50			
	4.3.4 Number of (government endorsed) city plans that makes provisions for environmentally sustainable urbanization, resilience and DRR	0	10			