

UNSDCF 2023-2027 Results Framework
Priority Area 1: SUSTAINABLE, RESILIENT, AND INCLUSIVE ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION

Outcome 1: By 2027, more people, especially women, youth, the most marginalized and poor, increasingly benefit from and contribute to inclusive, resilient, and sustainable socio-economic transformation at federal, provincial, and local levels.

National Priorities: Outcome 1 and the UN Focus areas below align directly with the 15th national plan's priorities for:

1. High and sustainable production and productivity; and

2. High and equitable national income.

The 15th National Plan aims to achieve these long-term goals by: i) Creating an enabling environment for business to achieve its economic growth; ii) Investing and promoting sustainable and employment-oriented economic growth; iii) Investing and increasing in productivity, productive capacity, and market competitiveness; iv) Reducing poverty and socio-economic inequality; v) Guaranteeing comprehensive, sustainable and productive social security; vi) Investing in and promoting digital technology and strengthening information technology and communication infrastructure; vii) Promoting quality tourism services and entrepreneurship; viii) Expanding the formal sector; and ix) Making foreign employment safe, dignified and systematic.

UN Focus Area 1.1: Green, inclusive and diversified growth.
Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoLESS, MoICS, MoALD, MoF, MoHA, MoFAGA, MoLMCPA, MoICT, MoCTCA, MoFA, MoFE, MoEST, MoYS, MoWCSC, MoHP, NPC, CTEVT, MoUD, Provincial and Local Governments & Agencies, Nepalese Embassies in receiving countries.

Development Partners: EU, USAID, FCDO, GIZ, SDC, GAFSP, GCF, GEF, Adaptation fund, NAMA facility, International financial institutions, World Bank, ADB.

Collaborating UN Agencies: ESCAP, FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, ITC, UN Women, UNCDF, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UN-Habitat, UNIDO, UNODC, UNOPS, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 1, SDG 2, SDG 3, SDG 5, SDG 7, SDG 8, SDG 9, SDG 10, SDG 11, SDG 12, SDG 13, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks
Annual growth (change) rate of real GDP per capita (SDG 8.2.1)	2.6* (2020/2021)	5.4 (2025)	National Accounts, Central Bureau of Statistics, Government of Nepal	*Preliminary * Target is adapted from the SDG Status and Roadmap 2016 – 2030

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UN Focus Area 1.2: Sustainable and decent livelihoods.
Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoLESS, MoICS, MoALD, MoF, MoFAGA, MoLMCPA, MoICT, MoCTCA, MoEST, MoWCSC, MoHA, MoFA, MoFA, MoHA, NPC, CTEVT, Provincial and Local Governments and Agencies, Nepalese Embassies in receiving countries.

Development Partners: EU, World Bank, ADB, USAID, FCDO, GIZ, SDC, KOICA, JICA, GAFSP, GCF, GEF, Adaptation fund, NAMA facility, International financial institutions.

Collaborating UN Agencies: ESCAP, FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, ITC, UN Women, UNCDF, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UN-Habitat, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, UNV, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 5, SDG 8, SDG 10, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Proportion of informal employment in total employment (SDG 8.3.1)	62.2% (2017/18)	30% (2025)	Nepal Labour Force Survey, Central Bureau of Statistics, Government of Nepal	The SDG Status and Roadmap 2016 – 2030 sets target of 54% in 2019, target of 42% in 2022, target of 30 in 2025 and target 10% in 2030
Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems (SDG 1.3.1)	42 (2019)	56 (2025)	Nepal Multiple Cluster Indicator Survey	The SDG Status and Roadmap 2016 – 2030 sets target of 41.7 in 2022, target of 56 in 2025 and target 80 in 2030
Women’s ownership of property–land and house (SDG 5.a.2)	26 (2016)	35.3 (2025)	National Planning Commission/CBS	

Priority Area 2: INCLUSIVE AND TRANSFORMATIVE HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Outcome 2: By 2027, more people, especially women, youth, children, and the most marginalized and poor, increasingly participate in and benefit from equitably improved quality social services at federal, provincial, and local levels.

National Priorities: Outcome 2 and the UN Focus areas below align directly with the 15th national plan’s priorities for:

Goal 2. Development and full utilization of human capital potential.

Goal 5. Well-being and decent standard of living.

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The 15th plan envisions to achieve long-term human development goals by ensuring affordable and quality health care and education services for all; strengthening basic public services; and achieving quality human capital and full utilization of human potential.

UN Focus Area 2.1: Survive and Thrive. Women, men, youth, adolescents, and children affordably enjoy better health, nutrition, and WASH services, starting with the youngest and most vulnerable.

Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoWCSC, MoWS, MoEST, NHRC, MoHP (inc. FWD), MoLESS, FEB, FWS, MoFAGA, MoYS, MoICS, MoALD, MoFE, MoEWRI, MOHA, NPC, DFTQC, FMTC, NHRC, Provincial and Local Governments, National Women's Commission

Development Partners: FCDO, ADB, World Bank, Finnish Embassy, JICA, USAID, KOICA, GIZ, Global Fund, GAFSP, GCF, GEF EU,

Collaborating UN Agencies: FAO, ILO, IOM, UN Habitat, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNODC, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 2, SDG 3, SDG 5, SDG 10, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Population under the multi-dimensional poverty (SDG 1.2.2)	17.4 (2019)	11.5 % (2023/24)	Nepal Multidimensional Poverty Report, National Planning Commission	The 15th plan's long-term goals and targets; Baseline source: NMPI 2019; Target value for 2029/30 is 6;
Universal health coverage (UHC) sub-index for reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health (SDG 3.8.1)	77.5 (2019)	87.5 (202%)	WHO Universal Health Coverage Report	
Prevalence of stunting, wasting among children under five years of age (SDG 2.2.1 & 2.2.2)	Stunting: 31.5 (2019) Wasting: 12 (2019)	Stunting: 20 (2025) Wasting: <5 (2025)	Nepal Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (NMICS) 2019	<u>Stunting: Target value set 28.6 & 15 respectively for 2022 & 2030 in the SDG Roadmap 2016-2030</u> <u>Wasting: Target value set 7 & 4 respectively for 2022 & 2030 in SDG Roadmap 2016-2030</u>
Global Food Security Index (score)	53.7 (2021)	75 (2025)	Global Food Security Index website	Target value set in SDG Roadmap: 66, 75 and 90 for 2022, 2025 and 2030
Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population based on Food Insecurity Experience Scale (SDG 2.1.2)	37.8 (2021)	25.35 (2027)	FAO Stat, NLSS	Baseline data (3-year average from 2019 to 2021) taken from FAOSTAT Target taken with an assumption that there will be a reduction by 25%.

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				No target value is provided in the SDG roadmap
a. Population using safe drinking water at source (without E. coli) b. Household with access to piped water supply c. At least basic water supply coverage	a. 25% (2019) b. 51.6 % (2019) c. 95% (2019)	a. 65 % (2025) b. 76.5 % (2025) c. 95% (2025)	NMICS Thematic Studies	Baseline is taken from MICS 2019 and target value taken from SDG Roadmap. These indicators also adapted from SDG 6.1.1 "Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services"
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 women aged 15-19 years)	63 (2019)	38 (2026)	NMICS	Baseline value is from MICS, 2019
Maternal Mortality Ratio per 100,000 live births	239 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births (2016)	150 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births (2025)	NDHS	Baseline value is from DHS, 2016.

UN Focus Area 2.2: Maximize Human Potential: Children, adolescents, youth and adults meaningfully participate in and benefit from educational services to fulfil their full potential.

Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoWCSC, MoEST, NHRC, MoHP, MoYS, MoWS, MoHA, MoFAGA, MoLJPA, CTEVT, MOWS, NWC, Provincial and Local Governments, National Child Rights Council, Department of National ID and Civil Registration, Universities, schools and civil society.

International Development Partners: FCDO, USAID DFAT, GIZ, JICA, WB, Norway.

Collaborating UN Agencies: ILO, IOM, UN Women, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UN-Habitat, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNODC, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 2, SDG 4, SDG 5, SDG 6, SDG 8, SDG 10, SDG 16, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Percentage of children who demonstrate foundational reading skills and foundational numeracy skills	Reading: 39.2% (2019) Numeracy: 36.8% (2019)	Reading: 50% (2025) Numeracy: 50% (2025)	NMICS	Baseline is taken from MICS 2019 (FOUNDATIONAL LEARNING SKILLS) and target adjusted in house.

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Proportion of children completing (a) basic education; and (b) a full course of 12 years of schooling (secondary)	Basic: 73.1% (2019) Secondary: 27.3% (2019)	Primary: 78% (2025) Secondary: 30% (2025)	NMICS	Significantly scaled down the targets based on a quick analysis of education indicators over the past 30 years which shows that completion rates have tended to increase by around 0.5% per year
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UN Focus Area 2.3: Social protection and vital identity registration system strengthened to close the human capital gap.
Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoHA, MoFAGA, MoLJPA, MoWCSC, MoHA, NHRC, National Child Rights Council, Department of National ID and Civil Registration, MoFAGA, MoHP, Provincial and Local Governments

International Development Partners: Government of Sweden, EU, Norway.

Collaborating UN Agencies: ILO, UNICEF, UNDP, UNHCR, UN Women, UNFPA, WHO, IOM.

SDGs: SDG 1 and SDG 16, SDG 17, with implications for SDG 2, SDG 3, SDG 4, SDG 5, SDG 8, SDG 10.

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Proportion of children age 0-17 years whose births have been registered with a civil authority (SDG 16.9.1)	77.2% (2019)	86.9 (2025)	NMICS	Target value set in SDG Roadmap: 79 & 100 for 2022 & 2030

UN Focus Area 2.4: End gender-based violence and harmful practices.

Key partners: Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoWCSC, MoEST, MoLESS, MoYS, MoFAGA, MoALD, MoMCP, MoLMCPA, MoHP, NWC, NHRC, Provincial and Local Governments

Development Partners: ROK, Norway, Finland, SDC, GLTN.

Collaborating UN Agencies: FAO, ILO, IOM, UN Habitat, UN Women, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP, WHO, UNHCR.

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SDGs: SDG 4, SDG 5, SDG 8, SDG 16, SDG 17				
Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/Information
Percentage of women and men age 15-49 who agree that a husband is justified in hitting or beating his wife for at least one specified reason.	Women: 29.4% (2019) Men: 29.5% (2019)	Women: 14.4% (2026) Men: 14.5% (2026)	NMICS in 2024 and NDHS in 2026	Baseline values are from the NMICS 2019.
Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual, or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months	13.5% (2016)	4.9% (2026)	NDHS in 2026	Baseline value is from the NDHS 2016.
Percentage of women and men age 20-24 who were first married or in union before age 18	Women: 32.8% (2019) Men: 9.0% (2019)	Women: 26.1% (2026) Men: 6.4% (2026)	NMICS in 2024 and NDHS in 2026	Baseline values are from the NMICS 2019.
Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	47.7% (2016)	59.9% (2026)	NDHS in 2026	Baseline value is from the NDHS 2016.
Priority Area 3: ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY, CLIMATE AND DISASTER RESILIENCE				
Outcome 3: By 2027, more people, especially women, youth, children, and the most marginalised and poor, increasingly benefit from and contribute to building an inclusive, sustainable, climate-resilient and green society and reduced impacts of disasters at federal, provincial, and local levels.				
National Priorities: Outcome 3 and the UN Focus areas below align directly with the 15th national plan's priorities for:				
Goal 7. A healthy and balanced environment.				

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The 15th plan envisions achieving this long-term environment sustainability goal by conserving and utilizing natural resources judiciously and improving climate resilience; increasing hydroelectricity production, promoting the use of clean and renewable energy, and promoting green economy; and encouraging modern, sustainable, and systematic urbanization, housing and settlement development.

UN Focus Area 3.1: Promote a healthy, safe, inclusive, clean, and green productive environment along with climate change mitigation

Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoICS, MoHP, MoFE, MOHA, MoFAGA, NPC, MoEWRI, AEPC, MOPIT, MoUD, MoWCSC, MoWS, MoLMCPA, MoALD, MoICS, Provincial and Local Governments, Private Sectors/Finance sector partners, for example, Hydropower Companies, Insurance companies and Banks among others

Development Partners: JOA, WB, ADB, USAID, EU, FCDO, Finland, Norway, BMGF (Gates Foundation), CBOs and Private Sector, GLTN, ROK, GOJ, bilateral and multilateral development partners, Vertical funds (GCF, GEF, Adaptation fund) financial institutions.

Collaborating UN Agencies: ESCAP, FAO, ILO, IOM, UN Habitat, UN Women, UNCDF, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, UNOPS, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 6, SDG 7, SDG 11, SDG 12, SDG 13, SDG 14, SDG 15, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Net GHG emissions (CO ₂ -eq) per capita	31,998.91 Gg (2011)	1,774 Gg (2025)	National Communication to the UNFCCC prepared by Government of Nepal	Baseline and target taken from second revised NDC 2020
Ratio of renewable energy in total energy consumption (%) (15th Plan long term goals and target indicators of Happiness – Healthy and balanced environment) (SDG 7.2.1)	5% (2019) *	37.3% (2025)	Management Information System, CBS	Target value set for 2022 & 2030: 29.7 % & 50% in the SDG Roadmap *SDG Progress report 2016-19 **baseline figure provided in 15 th NDP
Total area of the country under forest cover (%): Nationally Determined Contribution (2nd NDC), Area of wetlands (ha), area of degraded lands (ha)	Maintain 40% of the total area of the country under forest cover (2016- First NDC)	Maintain 45% of the total area of the country under forest cover by 2030	National Communication and Forestry Report Prepared by Govt. Of Nepal	Reports published by Forest Research and Training Center Target set under 2 nd NDC for 2030 is 45% of the total area under forest cover (including

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				other wooded land limited to less than 4%)
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UN Focus Area 3.2: Strengthen climate change adaptation and resilience through the reduced vulnerabilities and disaster risks, preparedness and effective response and recovery.

Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: DFTQC, MoHP, MoALD, MoLMCPA, MoFE, MoWCSC, MoEWRI, NDRRMA, MoHA, MoFAGA, CBS, NPC, MoST, MOPIT, MoUD, MoCTCA, MoICS, Ministry of Land Management, Agriculture & Cooperatives (Provinces), Nepal Police, Provincial MoIAL, Local Governments (Palikas), DWSSM, Provincial DMA, Nepal Army, Nepal Armed Police Force, and Nepal Police

Development Partners: GCF, GEF, bilateral and multilateral development partners, Adaptation fund, financial institutions, ROK, GLTN, FCDO, DFAT, ICIMOD, EU, External Development Partner and Health Cluster partner agencies, USAID, ADB, WB and KOICA, GoC, RNE), GFFO, GOJ,

Collaborating UN Agencies: ESCAP, FAO, IOM, UN Women, UNCDF, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UN-Habitat, UNICEF, UNOPS, UNV, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 2, SDG 11, SDG 13, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Reduction in annual loss of human life (deaths and missing persons) and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 populations (SDG 13.1.1)	1.6 (2019)	1 (2024)	DRR (Bipad) Portal/NDRRMA	This indicator on DRR is taken from the NDP & and Disaster Management, 2nd NDC/NAP

Priority Area 4: GOVERNANCE, FEDERALISM, PARTICIPATION, AND INCLUSION

Outcome 4: By 2027, more people, especially women, youth, and the most marginalized and poor increasingly participate in and benefit from coordinated, inclusive, accessible, participatory, transparent, and gender-responsive governance, access to justice and human rights at federal, provincial, and local levels.

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National Priorities: Outcome 4 and the UN Focus areas below align directly with the 15th national plan's priorities for:

Goal 6. Safe, civilized and just society.

Goal 8. Good governance and rule of law.

Goal 9. Comprehensive democracy.

Goal 10. National unity, security, and dignity.

The 15th plan envisions achieving long-term governance goals by strengthening national unity; ensuring good governance; institutionalizing the federal system of governance and fiscal federalism; and ensuring political commitment to constitutionalism, democracy, and development.

UN Focus Area 4.1: Strengthening institutions and normative, legal and policy frameworks from a human rights-based approach across the three tiers of governance.

Key partners:

Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoLIPA, MoWCSC MoCIT, MoALD, MoFE, MoF, MoHA, MoLMCPA, MoLESS, MoE, MoHP, MoFAGA, MoWS, NPC, OPMCM, Federal Parliament, Provincial Assemblies, Local Governments, Provincial Ministries of Social Development, Nepal Police, National Women Commission, National Child Rights Council, National Human Rights Commission, National Dalit Commission, all other constitutional commissions, Central Child Justice Committee, The Office of the Attorney General, National Judicial Academy, Nepal Bar Association, NPC, Provincial Policy and Planning Commission, NIC, CBS, Department of National ID and Civil Registration, CSOs, Product Alliances.

Development Partners: Finland, Sweden, EU, Norway, UNPRPD, SDC, FCDO, USAid, DFAT, ADB, GLTN, WB, UN Agencies, Save the Children, Global Fund for Early Child Marriage.

Collaborating UN Agencies: FAO, ILO, IOM, UN Habitat, UN Women, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNODC, UNOPS, WFP, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 5, SDG 10, SDG 16, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Proportion of positions in national and local institutions, including (a) the legislatures (federal and provincial); (b)	Federal parliament: Male: 67.66% (226) Female: 32.34% (108) Other: 0 %	Federal parliament: Male: TBD Female: TBD Other: TBD	Analysis of the available data	The data as per the current legislature parliament (2022)

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<p>public service (Federal level); and (c) judiciary (SDG 16.7.1)</p>	<p>Persons with Disability: 0 %</p> <p>Provincial Parliament Male: 64.55% (355) Female: 35.45% (195) Other: 0 % Persons with Disability: 0.36% (2)</p> <p>Judiciary: 25.94% (2021) In judiciary 3.55% (out of 394 only 14 are women, 2021)</p> <p>Public Service: TBD Federal level: Officer level: TBD Undersecretary level: TBD Joint Secretary: TBD Secretary: TBD</p>	<p>Persons with Disability: TBD</p> <p>Provincial assembly Male: TBD Female: TBD Other: TBD Persons with Disability: TBD</p> <p>Federal level: Officer level: TBD Undersecretary level: TBD Joint Secretary: TBD Secretary: TBD</p>	<p>National Judicial Service Commission</p> <p>Public Service Commission, Kitab Khana Data</p>	<p>which will be updated after 20 Nov election.</p>
<p>Primary government expenditures (federal and provincial) as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector or by budget codes including GRB or similar (SDG 16.6.1)</p>	<p>77.9 (2019)</p>	<p>88.7 (2025)</p>	<p>MIS/Annual Report, Ministry of Finance</p>	
<p>Rule of law index (15th NDP indicator 8.1.1)</p>	<p>Index Score: 0.52 (2021)</p>	<p>Index score: 0.65 (2027)</p>	<p>Rule of Law Index (World Justice Project Report)</p>	<p>The assumption is that there will be improvement by at least 25%</p>
<p>Transparency, accountability, and corruption in public (score out of 6)</p>	<p>2.5 (2020)</p>	<p>4 (2025)</p>	<p>CPIA</p>	<p>Baseline taken from CPIA Target taken from SDG status and roadmap</p>

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UN Focus Area 4.2: Strengthen participation, inclusion, and dialogue through outreach and partnerships at all levels.

Key partners: Government / National and Sub-National Partners: MoFAGA, MoHA, MoYS, MoCIT, MOWCSC, MoLESS, Election Commission, National Women Commission, Provincial and Local Governments, Language Commission, Indigenous Nationalities Commission, National Youth Council, National Human Rights Commission, NIC.

Development Partners: Finland, EU, Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, FCDO, RNE, SDC, Save the Children, CSOs, national NGOs.

Collaborating UN Agencies: ILO, IOM, UN Women, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNODC, UNV, WHO.

SDGs: SDG 16, SDG 17

Indicator	Baseline	Targets	MOV	Remarks/information
Proportion of population who believe there are sufficient opportunities to participate in the decision-making processes of public institutions (SDG 16.7.2)	TBD after baseline survey	TBD after baseline survey	Survey report to be carried out by UNDP and UN Women in coordination with Government	